

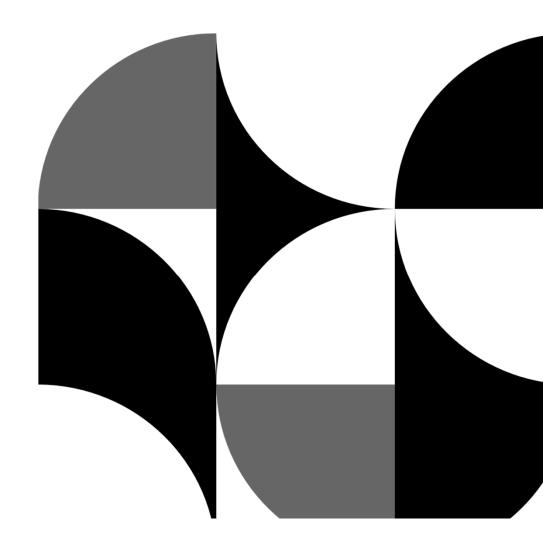
ERISA Litigation Updates

California Leads the Way

October 8, 2024

Seyfarth Shaw LLP

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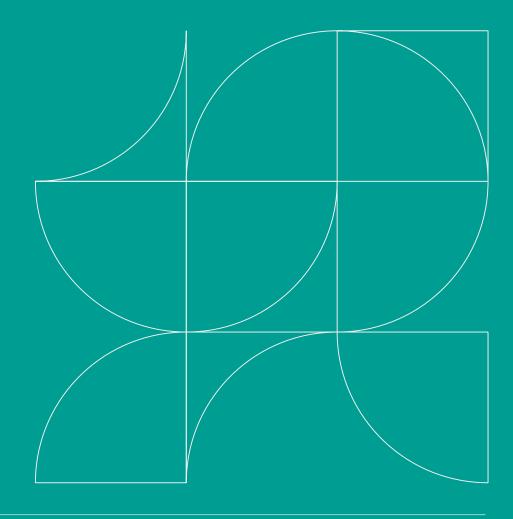


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Agenda

- **01** Provider Litigation Trends
 - Causes of Action
 - Strategies for Responding
 - Erosion of Anti-Assignment Provisions
- Welfare and Pension Issues
 - Fiduciary Claims re Pharmacy Benefits
 - Challenging Use of Forfeited Contributions
- 03 Discovery and Trial Issues

Provider Litigation



Recent Trends in Provider Litigation

O1 Shifts in Causes of Action

Provider Litigation

O2 Strategies for Responding

03 Erosion of Anti-Assignment Provisions

Provider Litigation

Trends in Provider Litigation

- Claims for Benefits pled in connection with Promissory Estoppel or Quantum Meruit claims
 - phone calls to support claims, get transcripts
 - unfair business practices in violation of Business and Professions Code 17200
 - assignment of claims trust but verify
- Only State Law Claims
 - Knox-Keene Act quantum meruit claims
 - See Request for Judicial Notice—public licensure
 - DMHC letters public records
- Only State Law Claims with less than \$75k alleged
 - Allegations of refusal to pay but asking for the "total UCR value"
 - Are billed charges alleged to be UCR?

Strategies for Responding

What to do now?

- Answer in State Court?
- Demurrer?
 - state courts increasingly more sophisticated
- Remove?
 - Preemption of the State Law Claims
 - Bald assertions on the cover page of the complaint does not establish that the amount in controversy is below \$75k when the allegations seek more than \$75k
 - Then set up Motion to Dismiss

Providers may file Motion to Remand

Briefing both remand and motion to dismiss at same time to highlight ERISA 514 preemption vs complete preemption

Strategies for Responding

What to do now?

- ERISA Preemption
 - We often see state law causes of action brought with or without ERISA claims
 - We must evaluate whether to remove a case from state court based on the *Davila* test.
 - A state claim is completely preempted if
 - (1) an individual, at some point in time, could have brought the claim under ERISA Sec. 1132(a)(1)(B); and
 - (2) where there is no other independent legal duty that is implicated by a defendant's actions. Aetna Health Inc. v. Davila, 542 U.S. 200, 210 (2004)

Strategies for Responding

What to do now?

- ERISA Preemption
 - As to Prong 1, provider plaintiffs often argue they lack statutory standing, as they are not enumerated parties under ERISA's civil enforcement provisions.
 - submission of bills possible only with assignment
 - Prong 2 provider plaintiffs often claim their state law claims implicate independent legal duties
 - Often worth risking removal/remand to argue application of ERISA preemption to Federal not State judges

Preemption

Bristol SL Preempts Third-Party Claims

- Bristol SL Holdings, Inc. v. Cigna Health and Life Ins. Co., 103 F.4th 597 (9th Cir. May 31, 2024)
 - Bristol SL state law claims are preempted because they have both a "reference to" and an "impermissible connection with" the ERISA plan that Cigna administers.
 - Bristol SL expressly distinguished *The Meadows v. Employers Health Ins.*, 47 F.3d 1006 (9th Cir. 1995). The Plaintiff relied on *The Meadows* claiming there could be no preemption because Bristol was suing 'not as an assignee of a purported ERISA beneficiary, but as an independent entity claiming damages.'
 - The Ninth held that *The Meadows* stands for the proposition that ERISA preemption does not apply when state law claims are triggered by the complete lack of any ERISA plan.

Preemption

Bristol SL Preempts Third-Party Claims

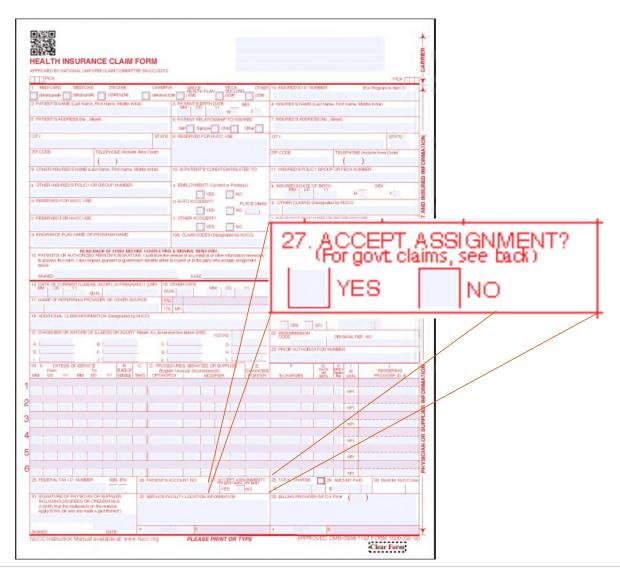
- Courts have followed Bristol SL to find provider's state law claims are preempted
 - Healthcare Ally Mgmt. of California, LLC v. United Healthcare Servs., Inc., 2024 WL 3915364, *1 (C.D. Cal. July 15, 2024)
 - Dedicato Treatment Center, Inc. v. Aetna Life Ins. Co., 2024
 WL 3346241, *5 (C.D. Cal. July 15, 2024)

Anti-Assignment Provisions

Anti-Assignment Provisions

- Courts have long recognized that ERISA allows for the assignment of welfare benefits such as healthcare reimbursements.
- But Courts have also recognized that anti-assignment clauses in ERISA plans are valid and enforceable.
 - These provisions seek to (1) permit the payment of benefits directly to providers (for the convenience of all parties),
 - While (2) simultaneously restricting a participant's right to assign the right to appeal an adverse benefit determination or to otherwise pursue legal remedies.
- Providers have responded by bringing state law causes of action, etc.

Erosion of the Anti- Assignment Provision

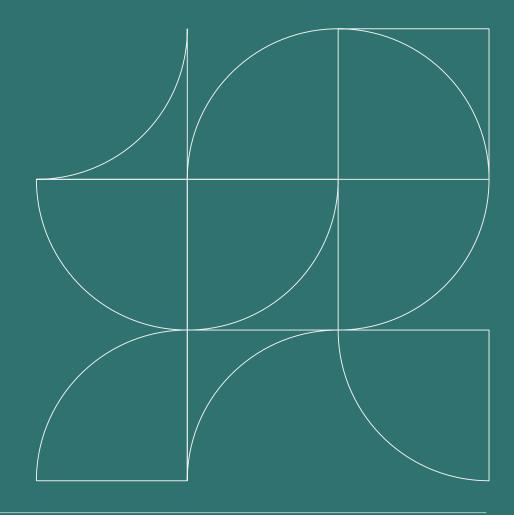


Erosion of Anti-Assignment Provisions

Courts Have Held That Plans Are Prohibited From Raising Anti-Assignment Provision as Defense if Not Raised During Administrative Process

- Spindex Physical Therapy USA Inc. v. United Healthcare of Ariz., Inc., 770 F.3d 1282, 1296 (9th Cir. 2014).
 - Anti-Assignment Provisions are Enforceable
 - But can be waived through conduct that is inconsistent with the intent to enforce the provision
- Beverly Oaks Physicians Surgical Center, LLC v. Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Illinois, 983 F.3d 435 (2020).
 - Held that provider adequately pleaded facts supporting waiver because Plan administrator did not raise anti-assignment provision during the administrative claims process even though the provider had "marked the appropriate box on the claim form."

Welfare and Pension Issues



Trends in Welfare Plan ERISA Litigation

Fiduciary Litigation involving Prescription Drug Benefits

- Lewandowski v. Johnson & Johnson, et al., No. 3:24cv00671 (D.N.J. Feb. 5, 2024).
- Navarro et al. v. Wells Fargo & Company, et al., No. 0:24CV03043 (D. Minn. July 30, 2024).
 - ERISA breach of fiduciary duty claims based on alleged mismanagement of prescription drug program.
- Knudsen v. MetLife Group, Inc., No. 23-2420, 2024 WL 4282967 (3d Cir. Sept. 25, 2024).
 - Allegations that plan administrator misappropriated plan assets by pocketing rebates from drug manufacturers.
 - Held: allegations that participants' out-of-pocket costs increased not concrete for standing purposes.

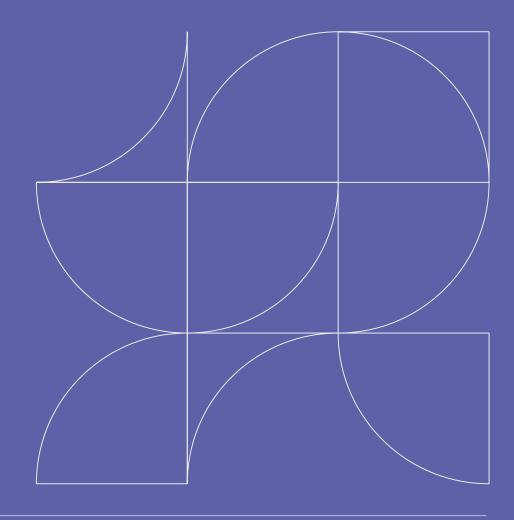
Forfeitures

- Nearly a dozen cases have been filed alleging a novel theory of liability against ERISA plan sponsors for their use of forfeited employer matching retirement-plan contributions
- These theories put plan sponsors in particularly bad positions because Treasury Department regulations have expressly authorized applying forfeitures toward ongoing employer contribution.
 - 26 C.F.R. Section 1.401-1(a) requires that the "amounts so forfeited must be used as soon as possible to reduce the employer's contributions under the plan."
- In *Hutchins v. HP, Inc.*, and *Perez-Cruet v. Qualcomm Inc.*, the courts considered whether a plan violated ERISA by using forfeited plan contributions to fund the employer match for other participants' accounts rather than defraying administrative expenses of the plan.

Forfeitures

- in Liao v. Fisher Asset Mgmt, LLC, 2024 WL 4351869 (N.D. Cal. Sept. 30, 2024), the Plaintiff, a former employee of Fisher, alleged a claim for benefits under ERISA, a claim for breach of fiduciary duty, as well as a prohibited transactions claim.
- Judge Tigar of the Northern District of California agreed with our position, relying on the analysis of Hutchins v. HP, as well as established Supreme Court precedent.

Discovery and Trial Issues



Trial Strategies



- Always have a Powerpoint that tells your story
 - Meeting Minutes that Discuss Claims
 - Know your screen shots
- Be wary of witnesses showing up for trial
- Consider Objections or Motions in Limine to prevent backdooring records
- Be prepared to argue all issues, even those already ruled upon
- Have ERISA citations/regulations memorized
- Make all arguments just in case you have an appeal

Discovery Issues

Perfecting the Record Before the Court

- At the motion to dismiss/demurrer stage, Courts often consider the at-issue Plan document and publicly available information
 - Can consider ERISA plan document
 - publicly available websites
 - licensing information
 - public information from regulatory agencies (DMHC letter)
 - RJN at state court vs. federal court level
- Bench trial
 - consider all information that was before the administrator
 - helpful reference guides (CMS coding policies)
 - National Correct Coding Initiative Policy Manual
 - Assistant surgery policies (16% of billed rates)
 - Manuals
 - MCG Guidelines
 - CALOCUS Guidelines
 - Objection to discovery requests





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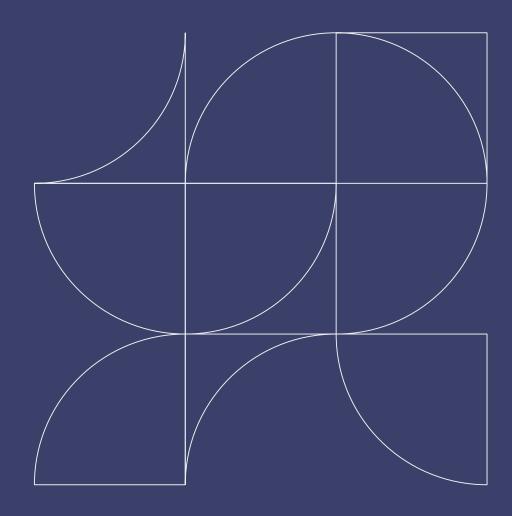
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Lessons Learned



Lessons Learned

- Venue Shopping
- \$75,000 limit
- Small Claims \$2,500
- Make sure to include reference to anti-assignment provisions on your Explanations of Benefits regardless of the reason for denying or partially paying a claim submitted by a provider.
- Ask questions of your PBMs and Plan Consultants
 - Understand the fees and other sources of revenue.
 - Examine total plan costs and costs for participants.



Questions of Venue

- Small Claims/Limited Civil Actions
 - Small claims trials of underpaid emergent services
- State Court vs. Federal Court
 - In Federal Court, you risk remand because Courts often find no complete preemption of state law claims.
 - State court judges can have difficulty fully understanding complex healthcare regulatory schemes and ERISA preemption

thank you

contact information

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